1. GHS stands for:
   a. Globally Harmonized System  
   b. Good Health Safety  
   c. Global Health Strategies

2. The GHS system provides for:
   a. Improved understanding and communication  
   b. More OSHA citations and penalties

3. A chemical in hazard category 4 represents which category of hazard?
   a. Most hazardous category in that hazard class  
   b. Least hazardous category in that hazard class

4. The words “danger” or “warning” are examples of:
   a. Signal words  
   b. Hazard statements  
   c. Pictograms  
   d. Precautionary statements

5. A workplace label must always contain the name, address, and telephone number of the chemical’s manufacturer or supplier.
   a. True  
   b. False

6. A liquefied gas is not an example of gases under pressure.
   a. True  
   b. False

7. OSHA will strictly enforce Environmental requirements.
   a. True  
   b. False

8. A chemical in a secondary container that has not been labeled with a workplace label will still be in compliance, provided the worker who labeled it will be the same worker to use the chemical the following workday.
   a. True  
   b. False

9. Safety Data Sheets must follow a uniform format consisting of 18 sections of information.
   a. True  
   b. False

10. A Safety Data Sheet is not permitted for consumer products.
    a. True  
    b. False

11. Drugs are always exempt from the requirements of the Hazard Communication Standard.
    a. True  
    b. False
12. Businesses that have employees who travel for work at off-site locations are required to keep Safety Data Sheets in every vehicle.
   a. True  
   b. False

13. Safety Data Sheets kept in electronic format should also be backed up with printed copies.
   a. True  
   b. False

14. A written Hazard Communication Program is required for every workplace with the possibility of employee exposure to hazardous chemicals.
   a. True  
   b. False

15. A workplace Hazard Communication Program is permitted to be in verbal form only, provided there are no more than 10 employees at a particular worksite.
   a. True  
   b. False

16. A workplace Hazard Communication Program must also contain information about any non-routine tasks that involve potential exposure to hazardous chemicals.
   a. True  
   b. False

17. A master list of hazardous chemicals is not required, provided the workplace has Safety Data Sheets for every hazardous chemical in the workplace.
   a. True  
   b. False

18. Under the requirements of the GHS system, manufacturers will transmit information about hazardous chemicals through:
   a. Material Safety Data Sheets  
   b. Safety Data Sheets

19. The responsibility for classifying chemicals is a requirement for:
   a. The manufacturer, producer, importer  
   b. The employer  
   c. Both

20. A Safety Data Sheet number is:
   a. Assigned by the manufacturer, producer, or importer  
   b. Assigned by an employer, if desired  
   c. Assigned by an employer, as required by regulation  
   d. Obtained in the National Data Center database
Answer key

1. a. Globally Harmonized System
2. a. Improved understanding and communication
3. b. Least hazardous category in that hazard class
4. a. Signal words
5. False
6. False
7. False
8. False
9. False
10. False
11. False
12. False
13. True
14. True
15. False
16. True
17. False
18. b. Safety Data Sheets
19. a. The manufacturer, producer, importer
20. b. Assigned by an employer, if desired